2012 MASE Annual Meeting

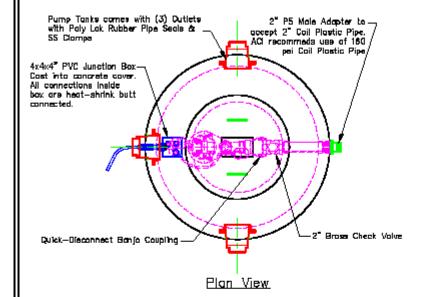
Onsite Septic Systems Requiring Pumping

PUMP TANKS

- > 3'Ø or 4'Ø tank that houses pump ADVANTAGES:
 - ✓ Multiple applications
 - ✓ Large reservoir
 - ✓ Available in H-20 load rating
- ➤ Disadvantages:
 - √ Short tank
 - ✓ Additional structure buried in the ground

3' x 3' Pump Tank

Weight: 1,815 lbe. Item # 1700 W/O Pump



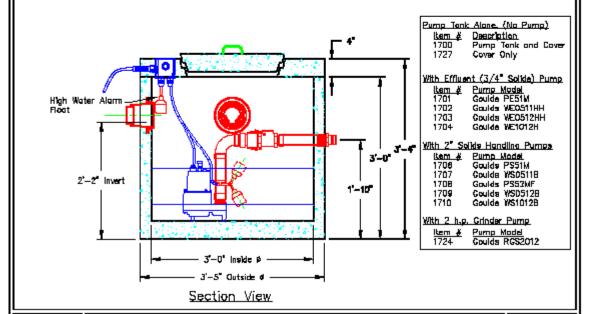
General Notes:

Concrete Specifications:

- 1) 4000 pai D 28 Ooys
- 2) 4%-6% Entrained Air
- 3) Tank Penatrations are Integrally cost
- 4) COver is Not Designed for Vehicle Loads

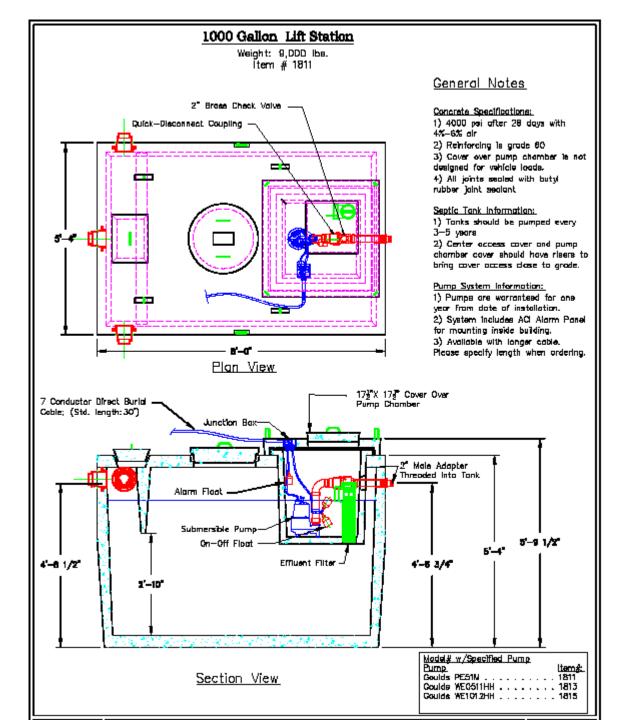
Pump System Information:

- Pumps are Warrenteed for One Year From Date of Installation
- System includes AC Alarm Panel for Mounting inside Building. Panel Needs to be Connected to a Single 20 amp. Craft Breaker.
- 3)Available W/ Langer Cables, Places Specify Length when Ordering.



COMBINATION LIFT STATION

- ➤ 1000, 1500 or 2000 gallon septic tank with a small sump incorporated in outlet end of tank.
- >Advantages:
 - ✓ Compact Design
 - √ Fewer components
- ➤ Disadvantages:
 - √ Small reservoir
 - ✓ Increased cycling
 - ✓ Not available in H-20 load rated



Pumps

- Effluent pump
 - ✓ For pumping liquid ONLY
 - √ Highly efficient
 - ✓ Economical
 - ✓ 115V or 230V
- Solids Handling pump
 - √ For pumping raw sewage
 - ✓ Potential for clogging in some applications
 - ✓ 115V or 230V
- Grinder (macerator) pump
 - ✓ High head, low flow
 - ✓ Actually shreds solids
 - ✓ High volume of suspended solids
 - ✓ 230V Minimum

Sizing Pump for Site Conditions

- LIFT = Difference in elevation from pump location to discharge location (Static Head)
- PUSH = Horizontal offset from pump location to discharge location (Friction Loss) Each 100' of 2" force main = 3' of Static Head
- LIFT + PUSH = TOTAL DYNAMIC HEAD

EXAMPLE

• PUSH 200'
$$(2x3) = 6'$$

